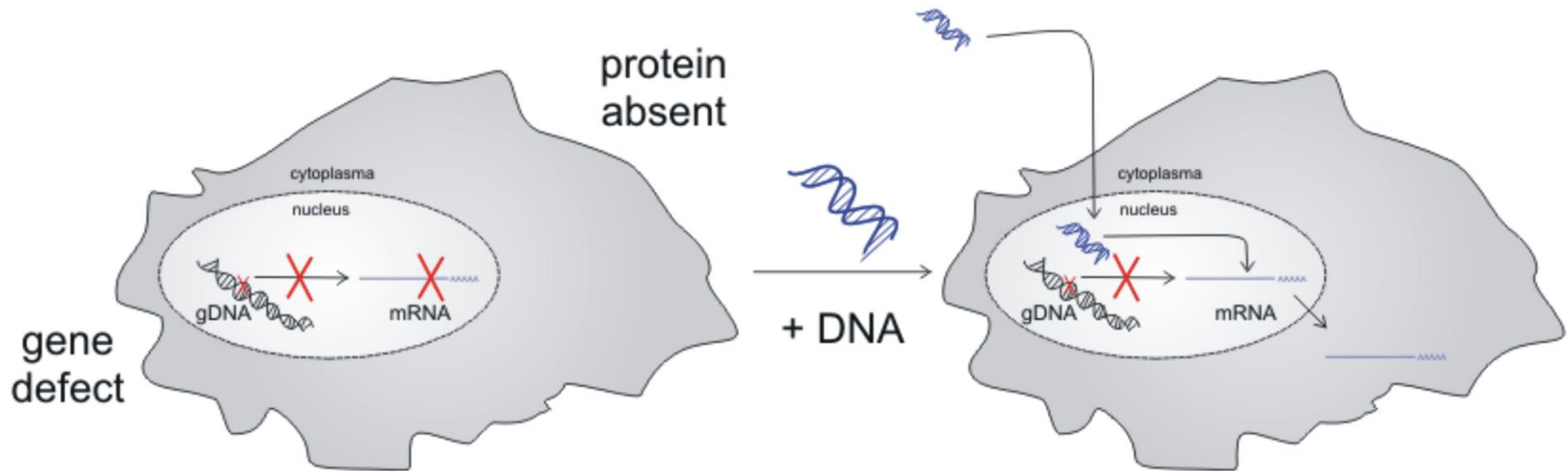


A suitable delivery system is key in the concept of siRNA-mediated treatment

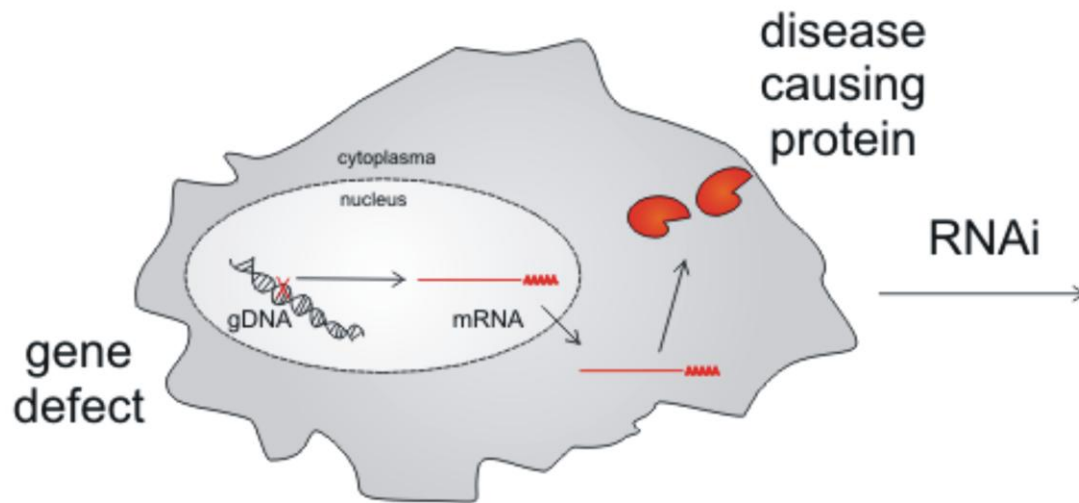
Vandenbroucke R

Laboratory of General Biochemistry and Physical Pharmacy
Ghent Research Group on Nanomedicines (GRGN)
Department of Pharmaceutics
Ghent University, Belgium

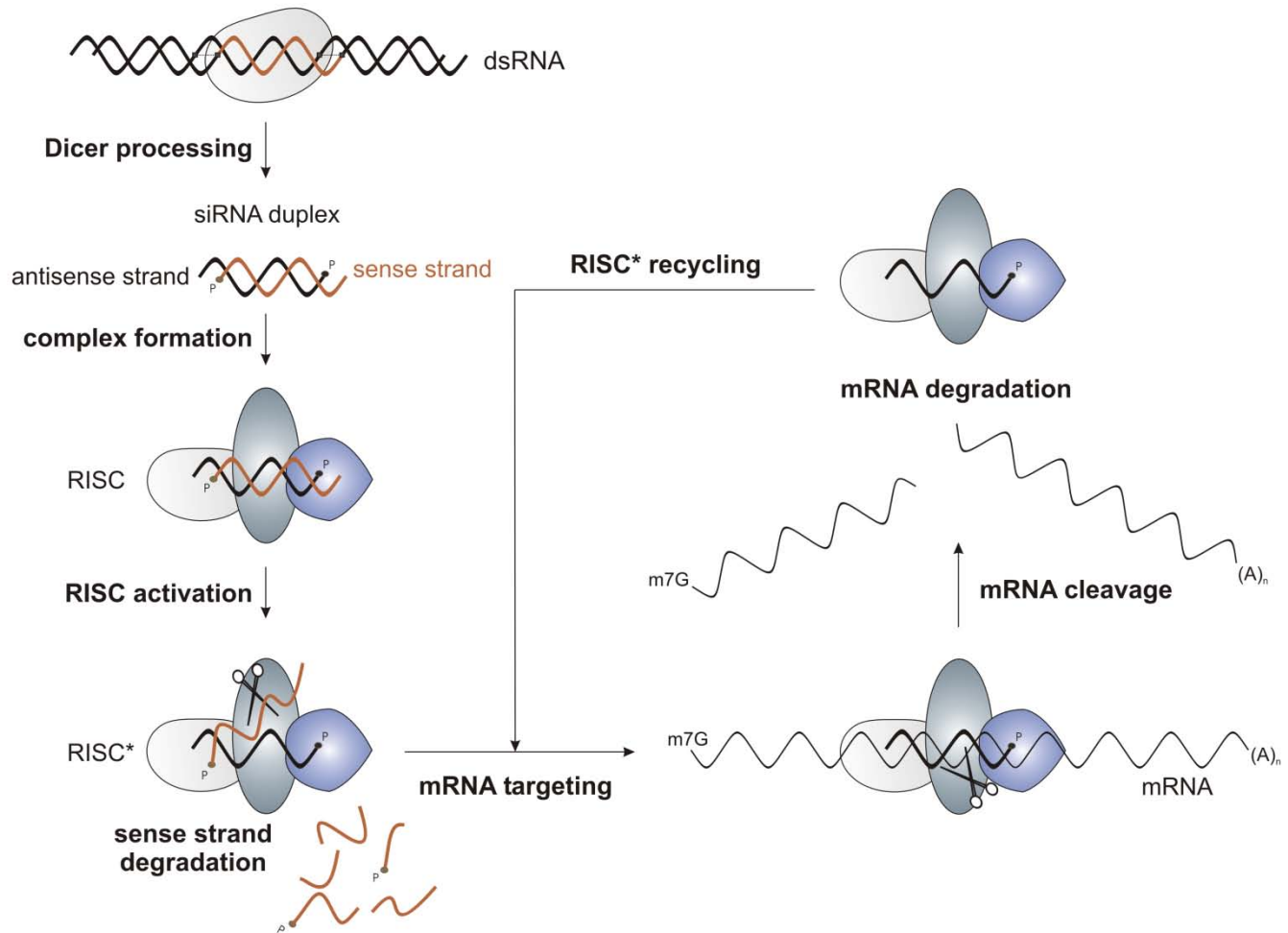
What is gene therapy?



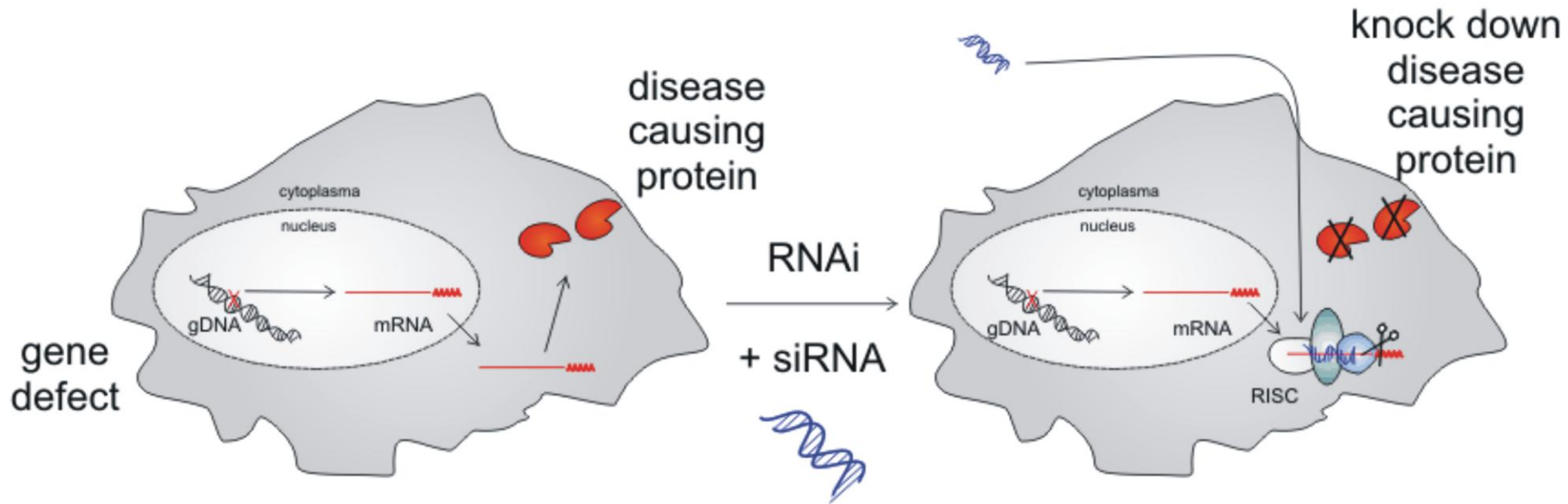
What is gene therapy?



Introduction

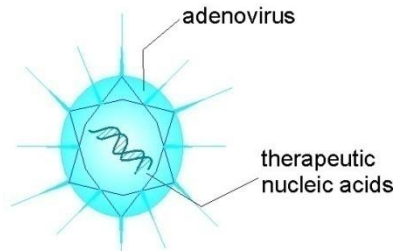


What is gene therapy?



Introduction

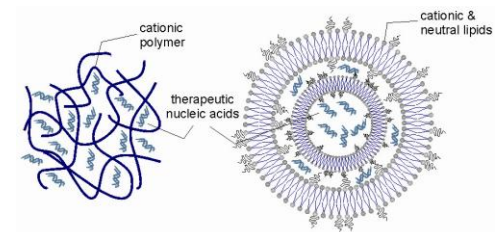
viral



e.g. RV – LV – AV – AAV

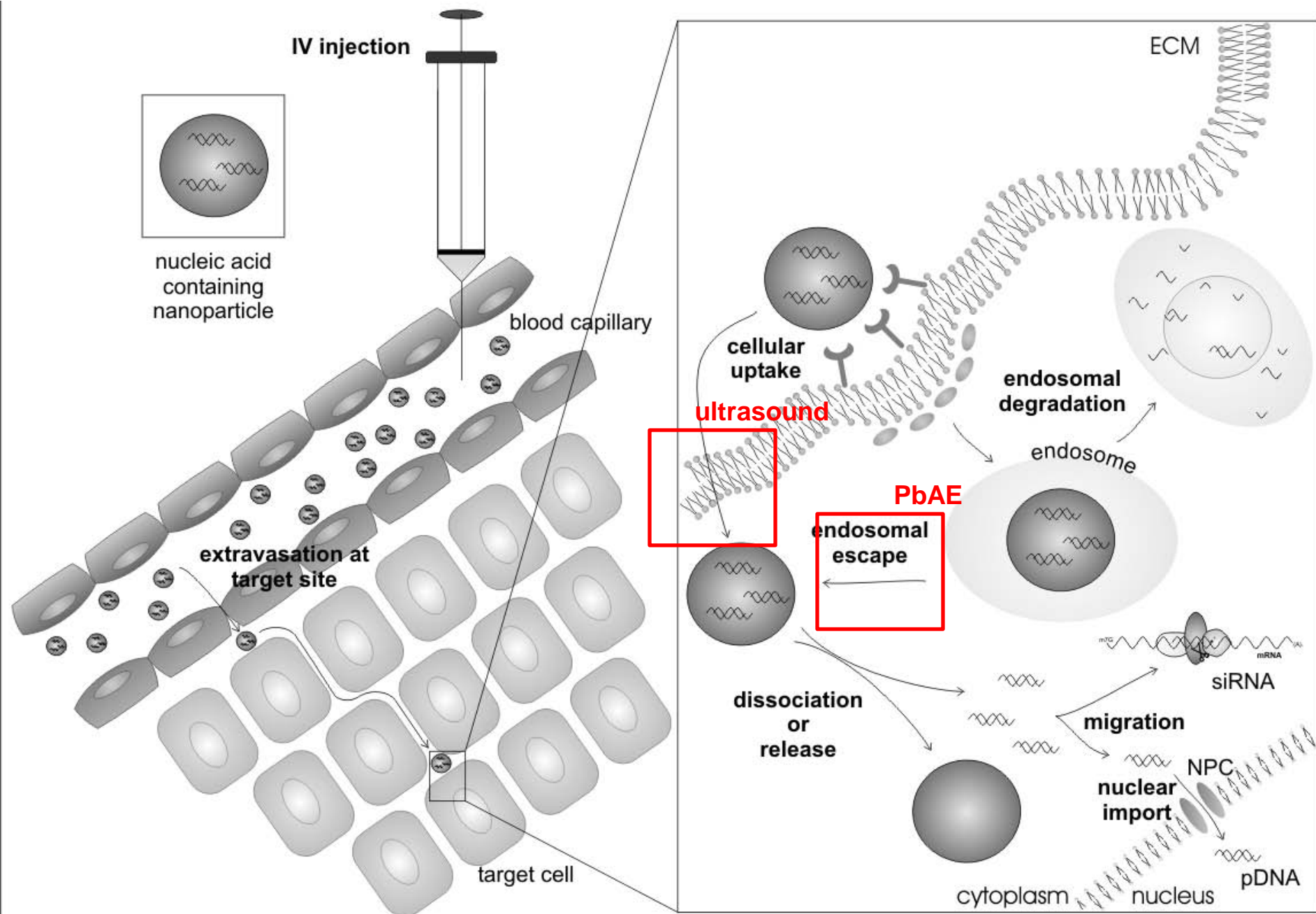
- + high transfection efficiency
transient or constitutive expression
- immunogenic responses
safety (recombination wt virus)
insertional oncogenesis
high production costs

non-viral



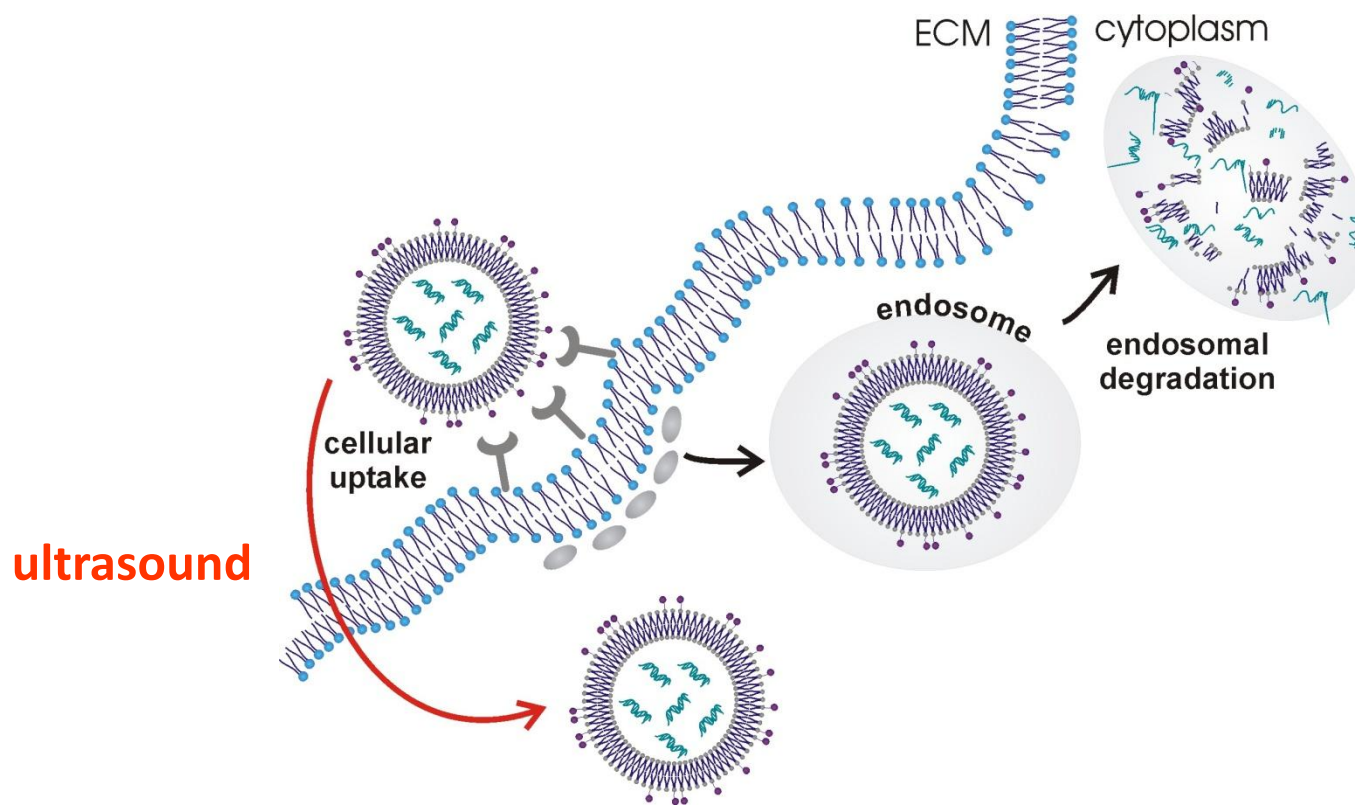
e.g. polymers – lipids - nanospheres

- + synthetic
mass production
safe
non-immunogenic
- low transfection efficiency
transient expression



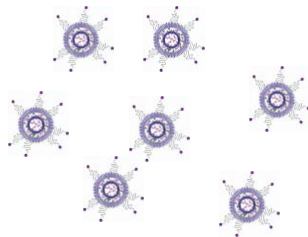
Part I

The cell membrane: ultrasound & microbubbles



Part I

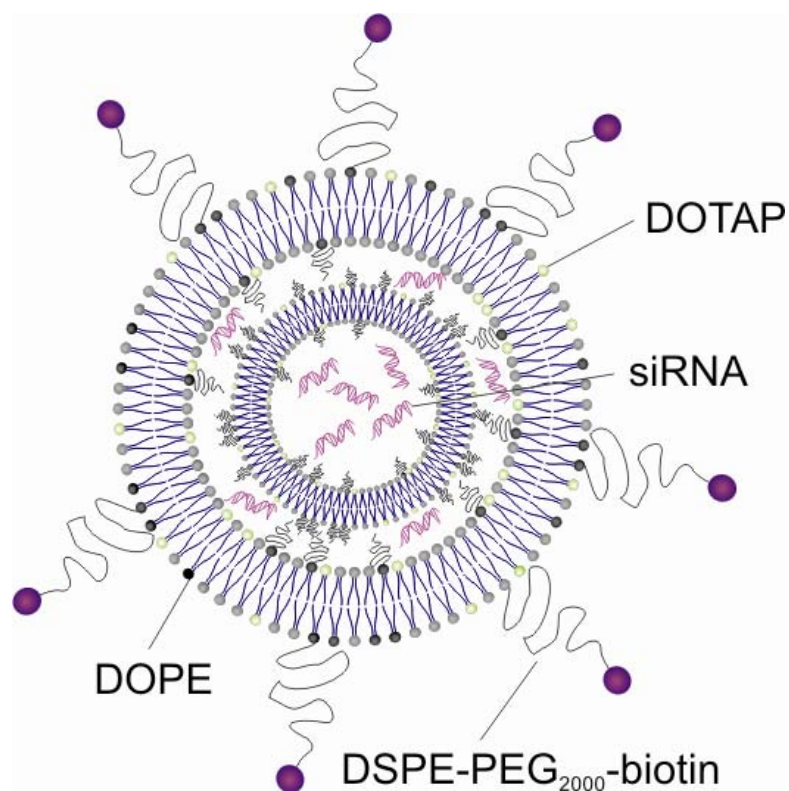
Aim



siRNA containing DOTAP:DOPE LPXs

- ▶ Equal amounts of DOTAP and DOPE
- ▶ 0, 2, 5 or 15 mol% DSPE-PEG₂₀₀₀-biotin

siRNA containing LPXs



cationic LPXs

In vivo:

- Interaction with negatively charged serum proteins
- Rapid clearance from the bloodstream

⇒ **PEGylation is necessary!**

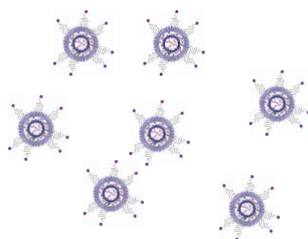
BUT

Low transfection efficiency:

- Reduced uptake
- Reduced endosomal release

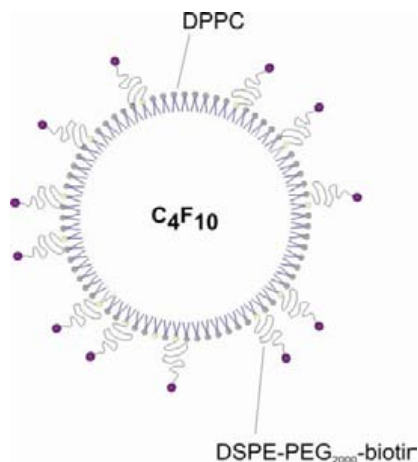
Part I

Aim



siRNA containing DOTAP:DOPE LPXs

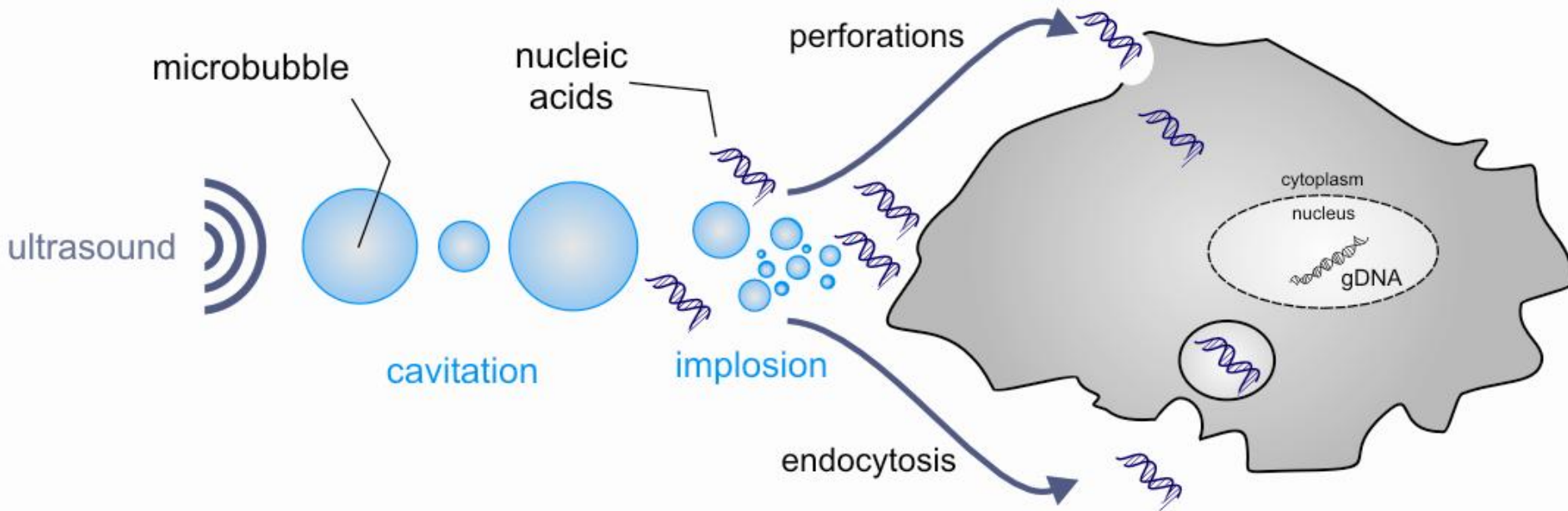
- ▶ Equal amounts of DOTAP and DOPE
- ▶ 0, 2, 5 or 15 mol% DSPE-PEG₂₀₀₀-biotin



lipid coated microbubbles

- ▶ 95 mol% DPPC
- ▶ 5 mol% DSPE-PEG₂₀₀₀-biotin

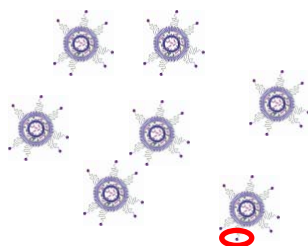
Microbubbles



- Advantages: - non-invasive & locally applicable
- safe

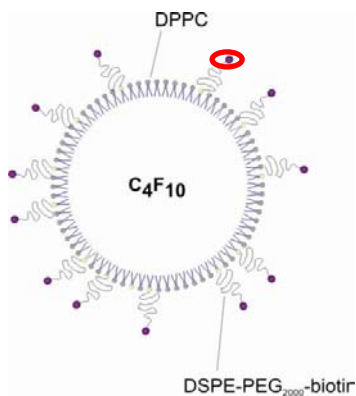
Part I

Aim



siRNA containing DOTAP:DOPE LPXs

- ▶ Equal amounts of DOTAP and DOPE
- ▶ 0, 2, 5 or 15 mol% DSPE-PEG₂₀₀₀-biotin

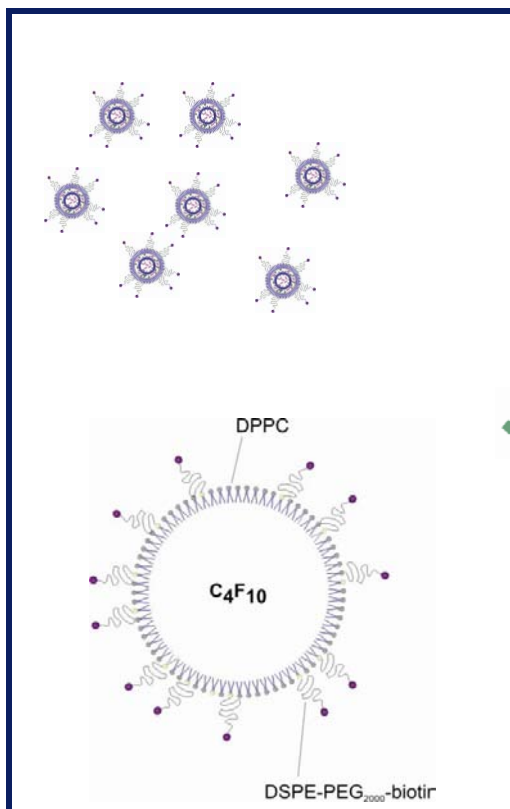


lipid coated microbubbles

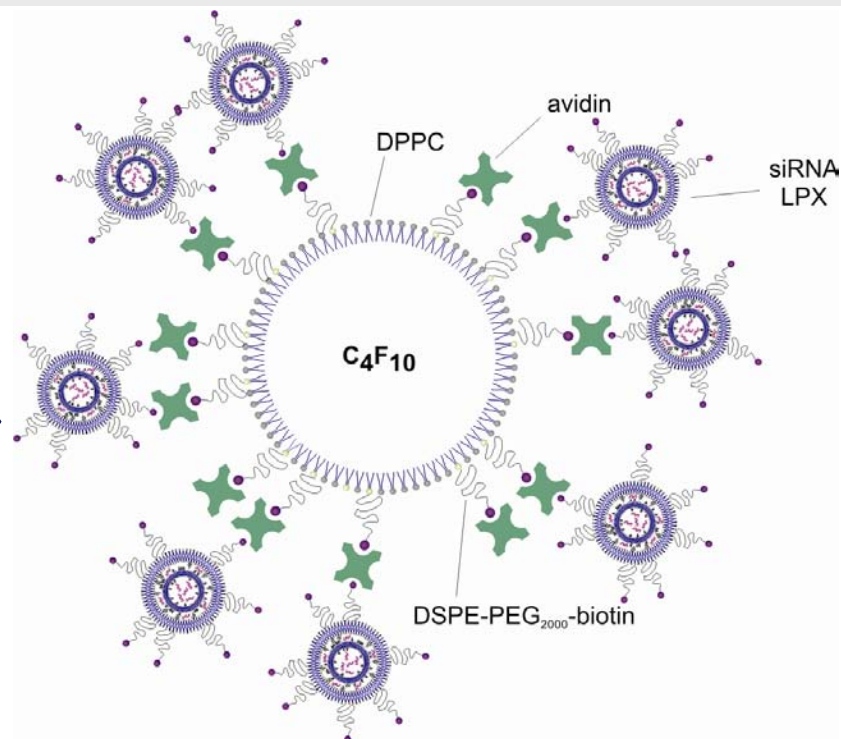
- ▶ 95 mol% DPPC
- ▶ 5 mol% DSPE-PEG₂₀₀₀-biotin

Part I

Aim

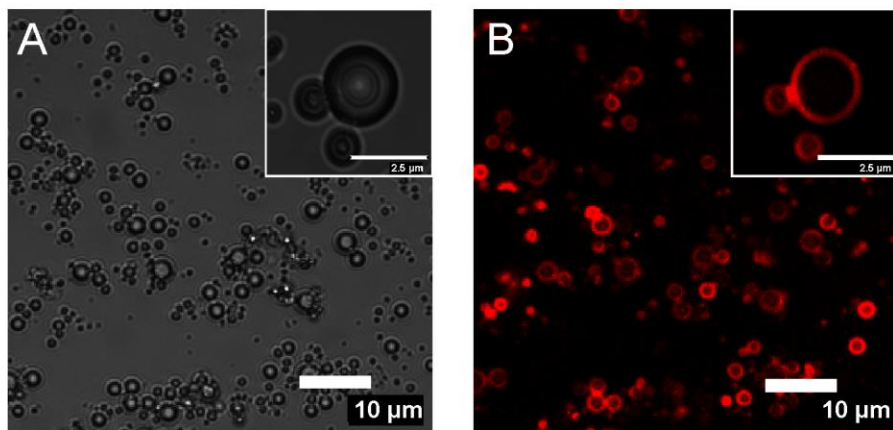


coupling
with
avidin

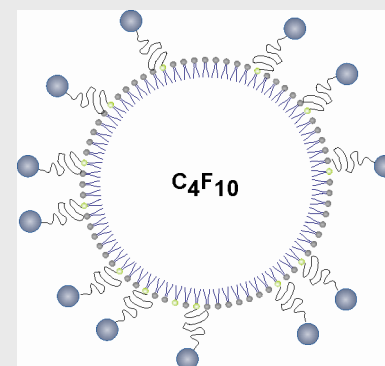


⇒ enhanced uptake?
⇒ enhanced transfection efficiency?

Characterization of the microbubbles

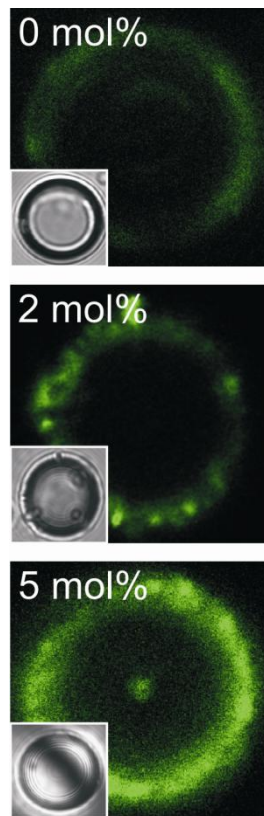


Lipid coated microbubbles incubated with
Cy5 labelled **streptavidin**

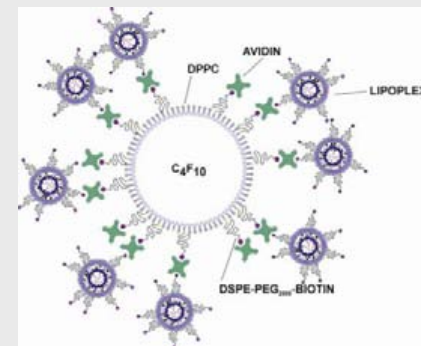


**Biotin
molecules are
present at the
outside of the
microbubble
coat.**

Binding of LPXs onto the microbubble surface



Unlabelled microbubbles incubated with green labelled siRNA LPXs

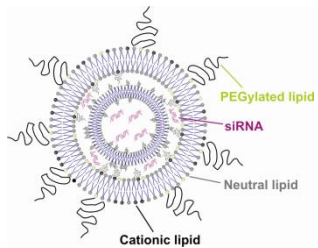


**Higher biotinylation degree
=
Higher loading degree
of the LPXs on the microbubble
surface.**

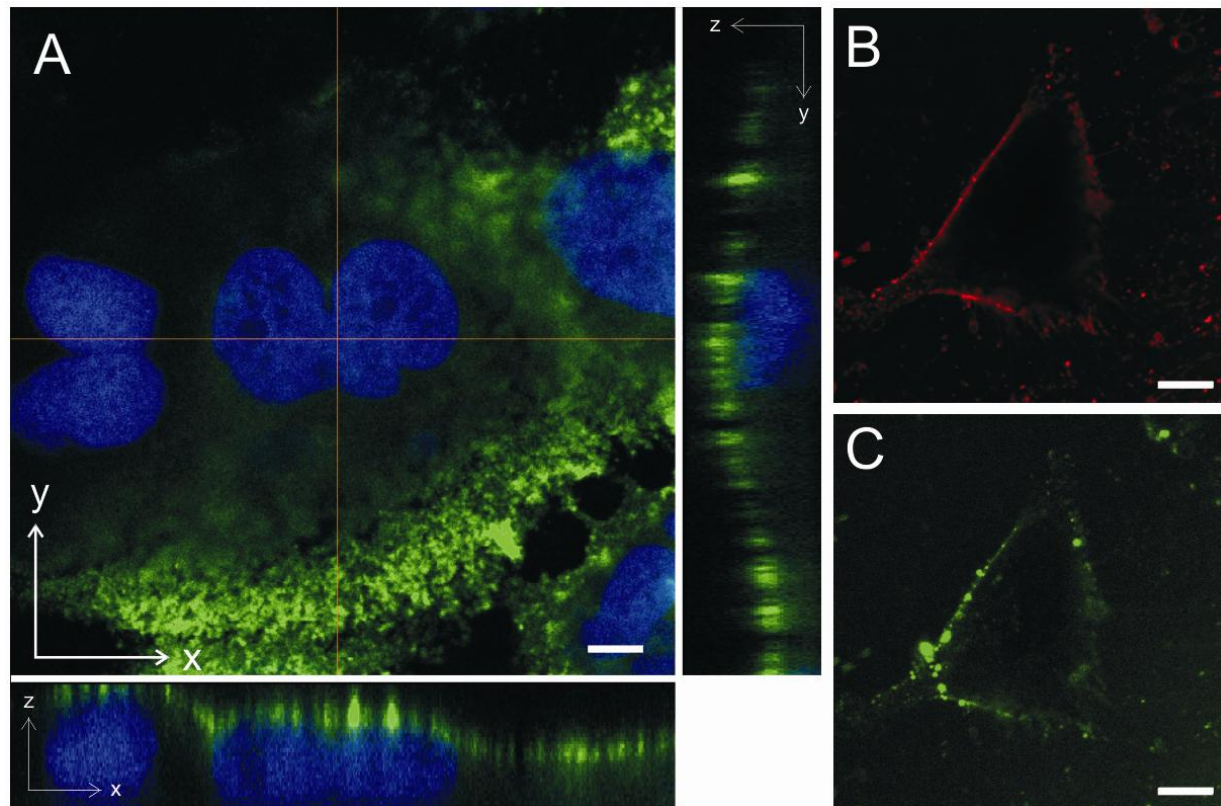
Part I

Cellular distribution w/o microbubbles and ultrasound

5 mol% LPXs
cell membrane
nucleus



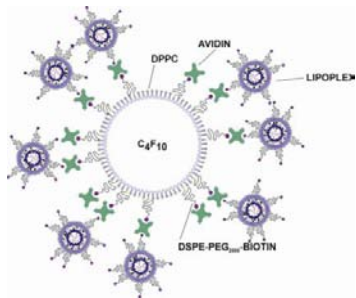
LPXs are bound to
the cellular
membrane



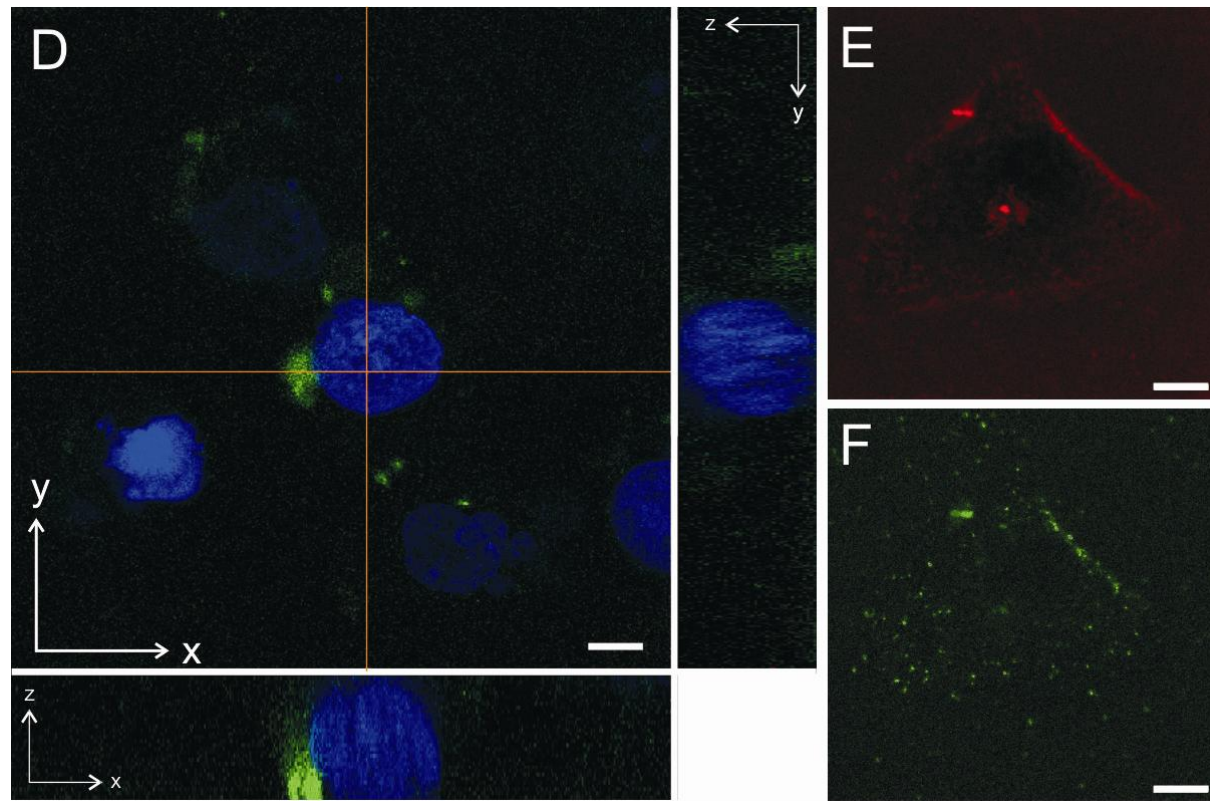
Part I

Cellular distribution w/ microbubbles and ultrasound

5 mol% LPXs
cell membrane
nucleus

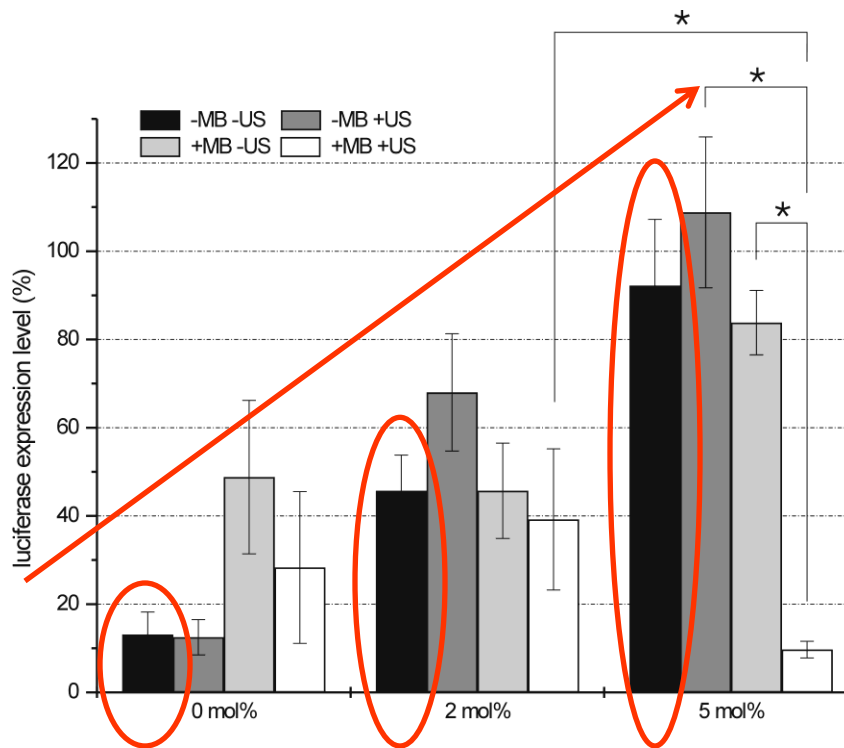


LPXs are
translocated to
the cp



Part I

Transfection efficiency analysis



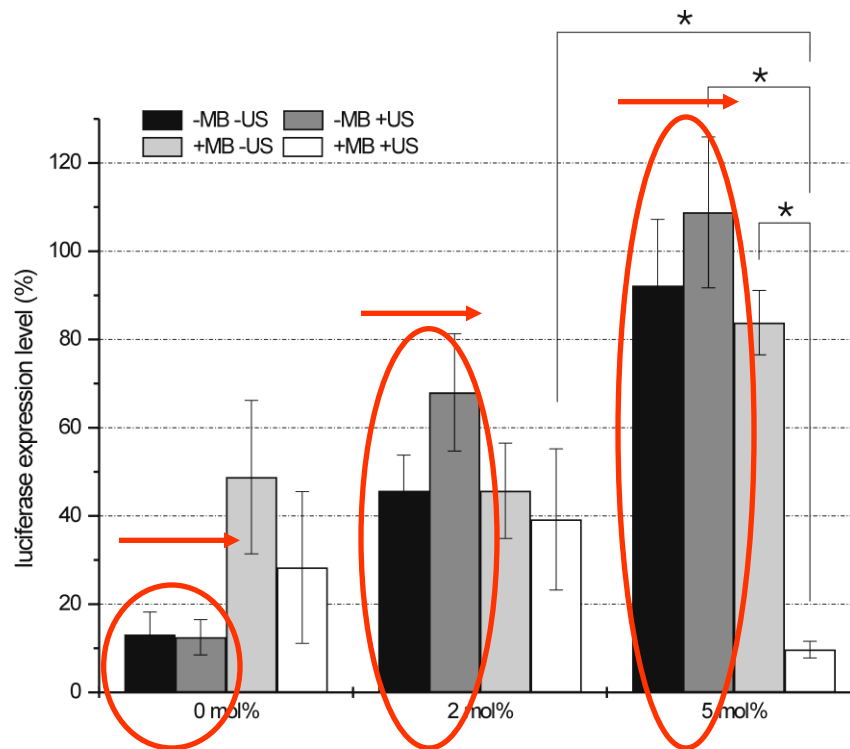
Black bars

Gene silencing of siRNA LPXs **without** the use of microbubbles and ultrasound

The higher the PEGylation degree of the LPXs, the lower their silencing efficiency

Part I

Transfection efficiency analysis



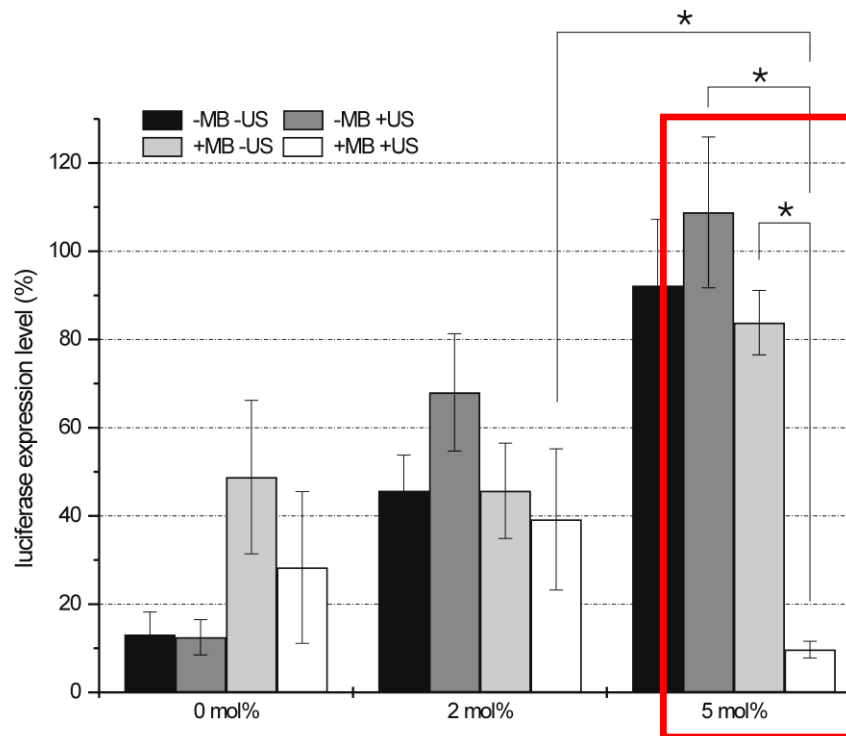
Dark grey bars

Gene silencing of **free** lipoplexes **with** the use of **ultrasound**

No significant influence of ultrasound on the silencing efficiency of siRNA LPXs

Part I

Transfection efficiency analysis



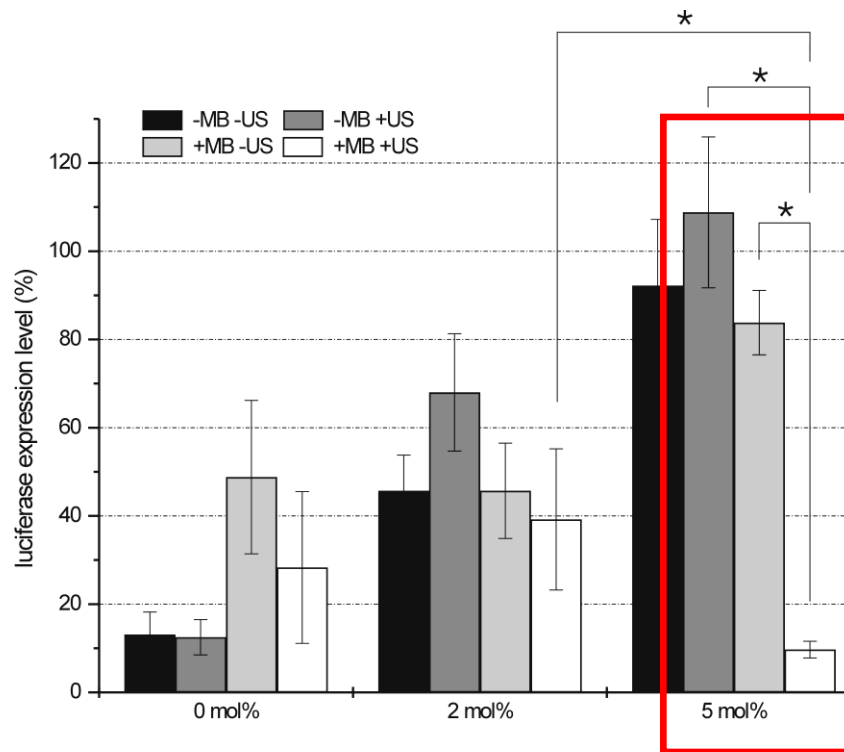
White bars

Gene silencing of siRNA lipoplexes **with** the use of **microbubbles** and **ultrasound**

Drastic increase in silencing efficiency with highly PEGylated siRNA lipoplexes

Part I

Transfection efficiency analysis

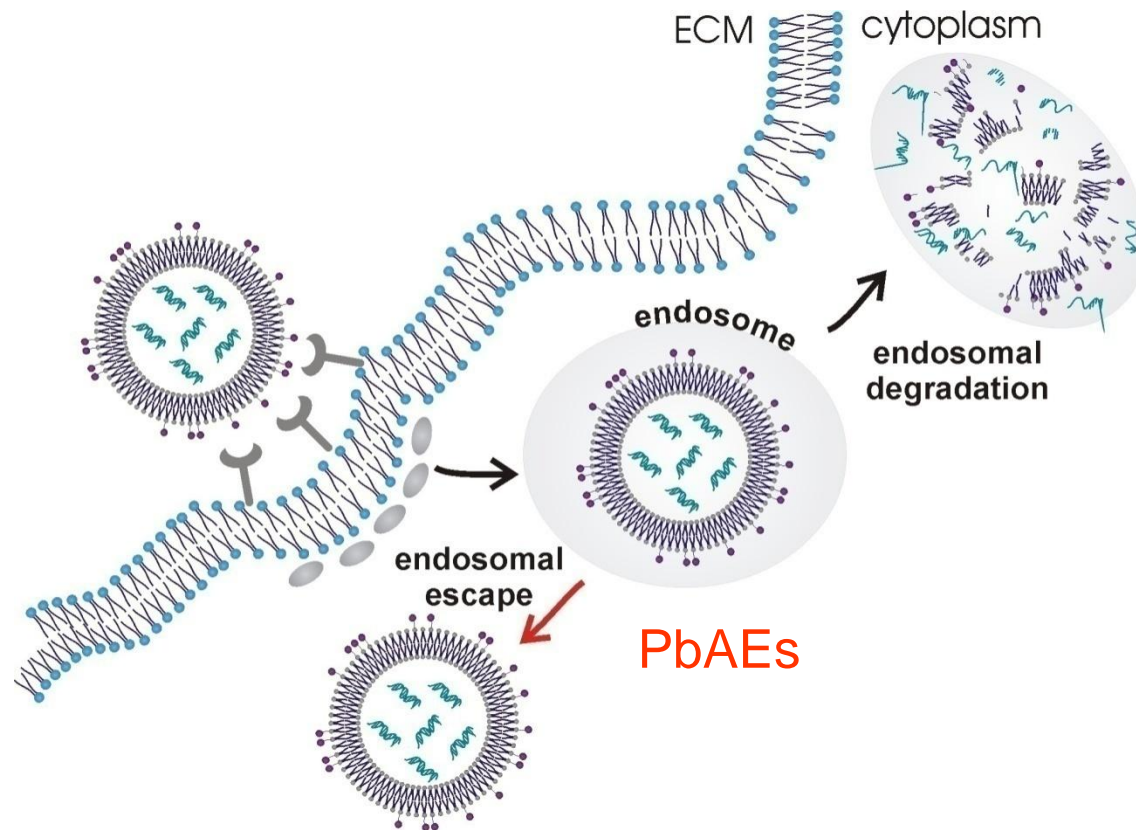


Light grey bars

Gene silencing of siRNA lipoplexes **with** the use of microbubbles but **without** ultrasound

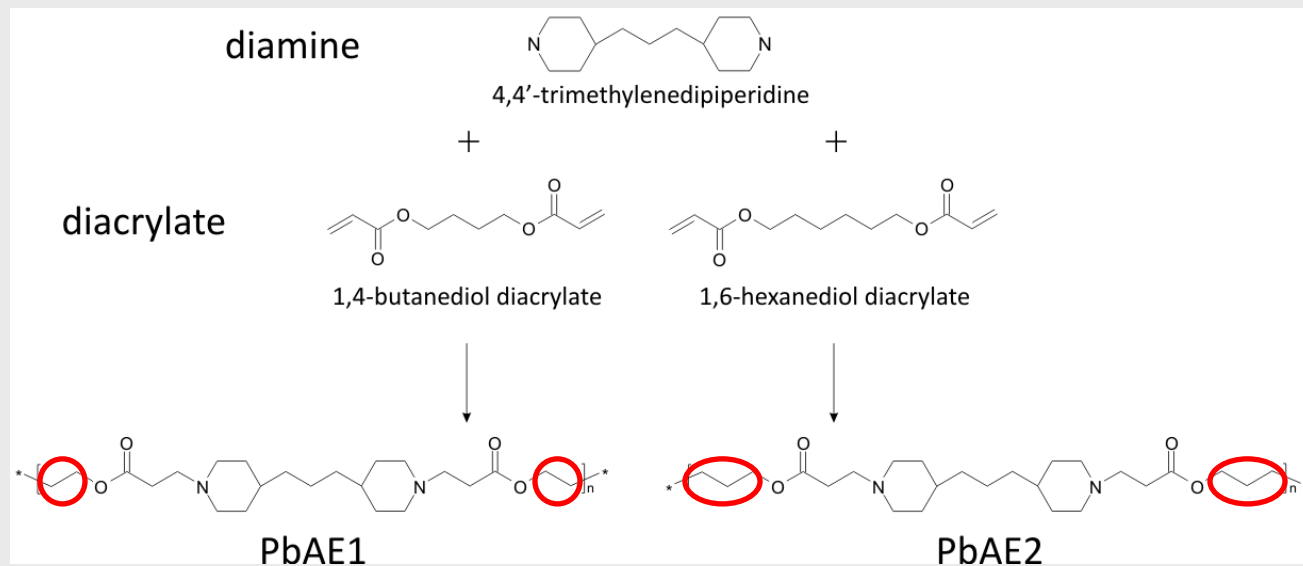
Ultrasound targeted gene silencing possible

The endosomal barrier - PbAEs for siRNA delivery



Aim

synthesize different poly(β -amino ester)s (PbAEs):



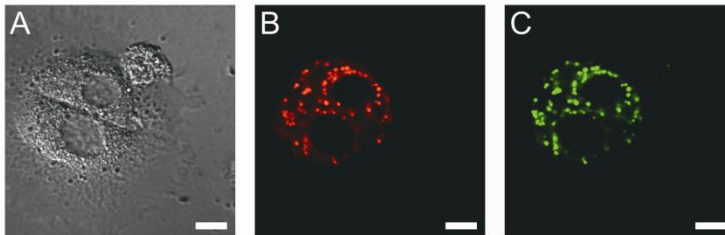
⇒ cytotoxicity - siRNA complexation - gene silencing

Part II

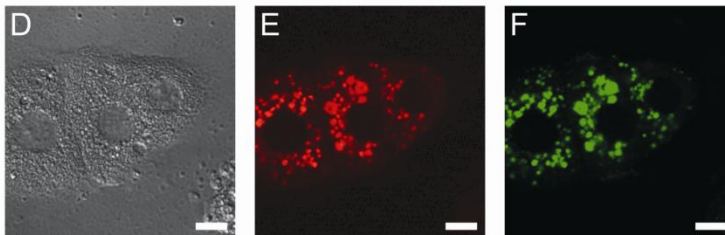
Uptake, cytotoxicity and silencing efficiency

cellular uptake

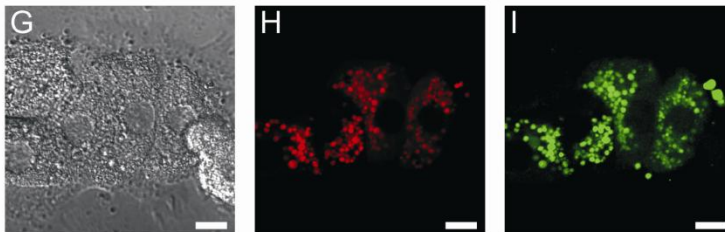
JetSI™-ENDO



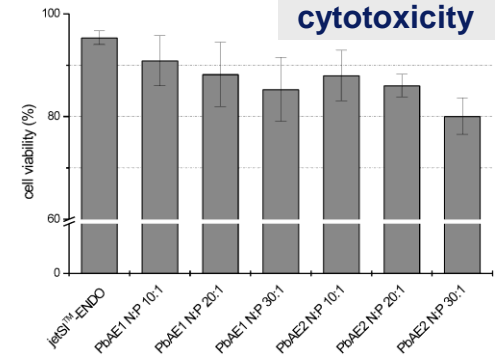
PbAE1 (N:P 30:1)



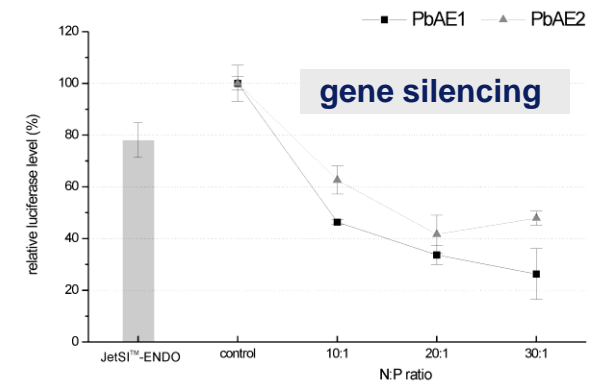
PbAE2 (N:P 30:1)



cytotoxicity



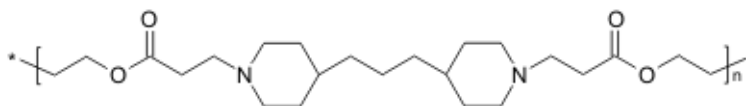
gene silencing



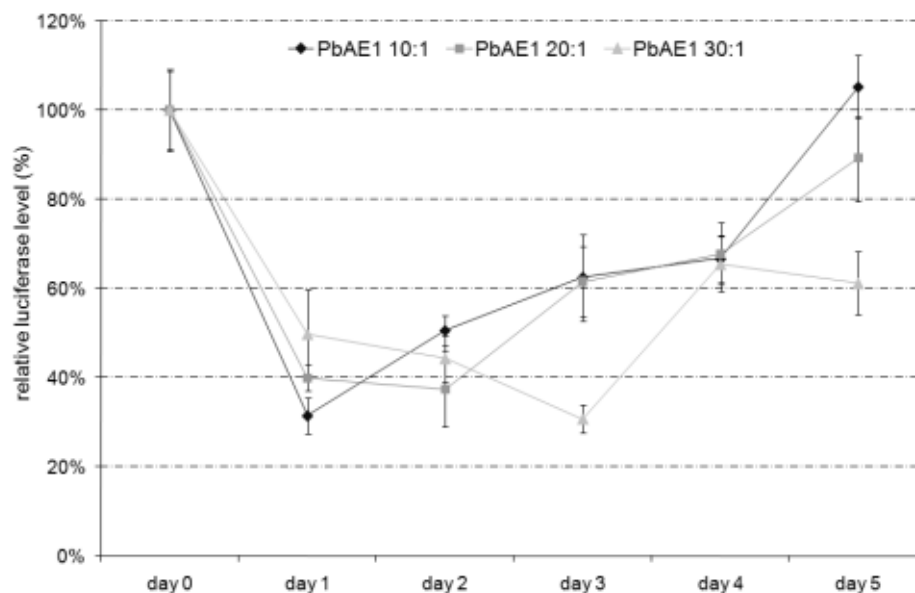
Part II

Results

prolonged effect?



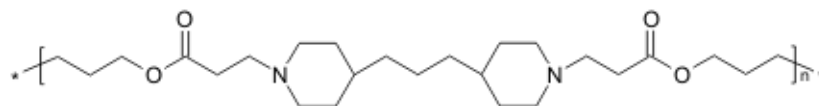
PbAE1



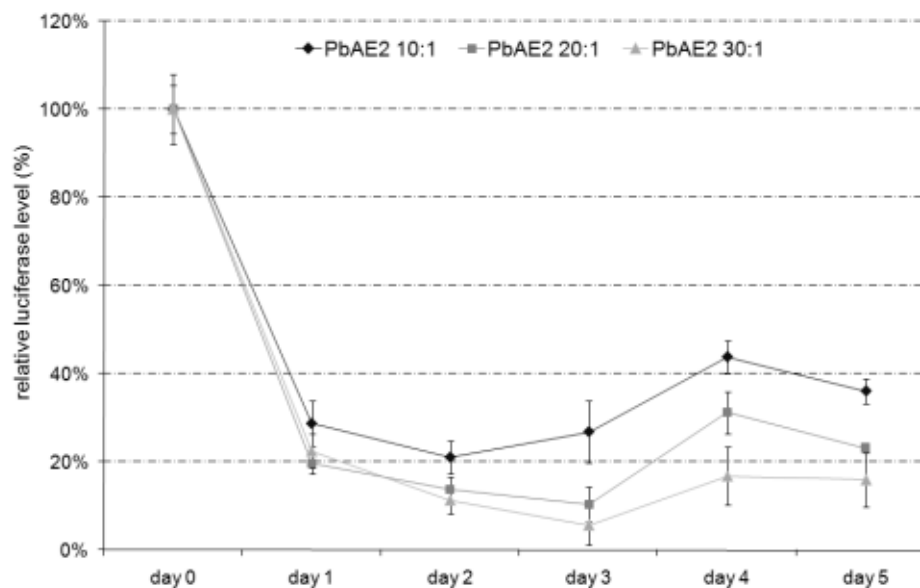
Part II

Results

prolonged effect?



PbAE2

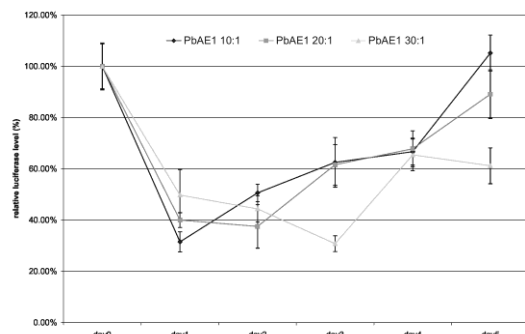


Part II

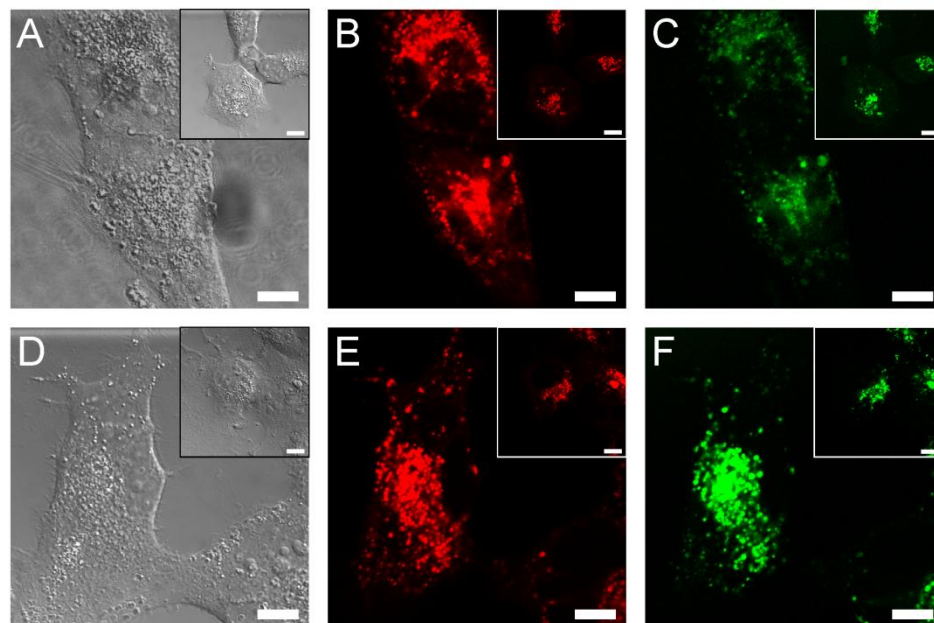
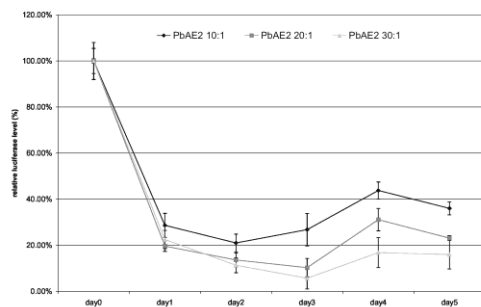
Results

prolonged effect?

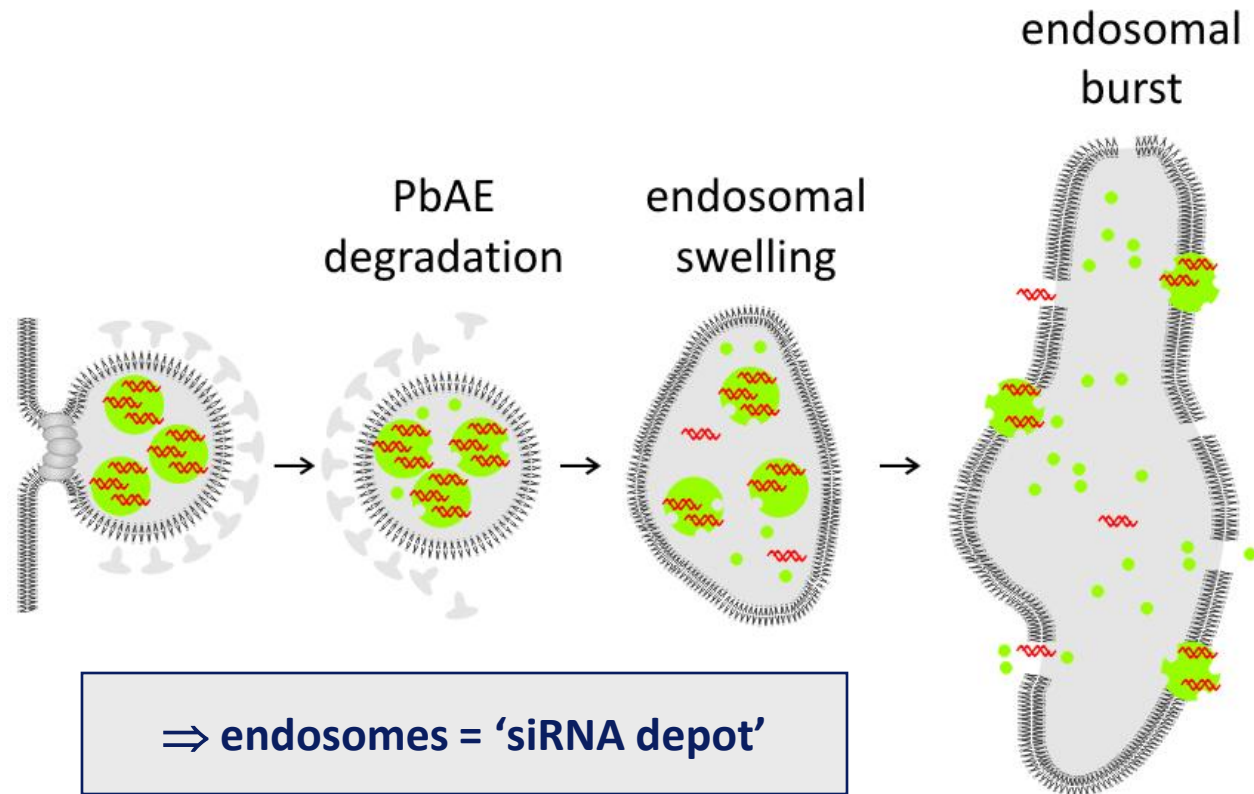
PbAE1



PbAE2



Proposed mechanism



Cellular barrier

→ **ultrasound & microbubbles**: targeted, enhanced siRNA delivery

Endosomal barrier

→ **PbAEs**: non-toxic, efficient siRNA delivery systems acting by creating an 'siRNA depot' inside the endo/lysosomes

Thanks to...

Laboratory of General Biochemistry and Physical Pharmacy, Ghent University, Ghent

Prof. Jo Demeester
Prof. Niek Sanders
Prof. Stefaan De Smedt

Ine Lentacker
Bruno De Geest

Diabetes Research Center, VUB, Brussels

Prof. Harry Heimberg
Stefan Bonné

Dept. of Toxicology, VUB, Brussels

Prof. Vera Rogiers
Tamara Vanhaecke
Mathieu Vinken

Dept. of Pharmacy, Munich, Germany

Prof. Ernst Wagner